# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2024 REGULAR SESSION**

Introduced

## House Bill 5356

By Delegates Tully, Kimble, Jeffries, Foster, Linville,

Phillips, Toney, Dittman, Mazzocchi, Holstein, and

DeVault

[Introduced January 30, 2024; Referred to the

Committee on the Judiciary]

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article,
designated §61-8G-1, §61-8G-2, §61-8G-3, §61-8G-4, and §61-8G-5, all relating to
prohibiting registered sex offenders from being within 1,000 feet of a school-based health
center, requiring notices to be posted on school-based health centers, and imposing
criminal penalties for registered sex offenders who violate this article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ARTICLE 8G. PROHIBITING REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS FROM USING

|    | SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CENTERS.  |
|----|---|
|    | §61-8G-1. Background.   |
| 1  | (a) School-Based Health Centers (SBHCs) are health clinic sites sponsored and managed           |
| 2  | by Community Health Centers. A range of services are offered to children, adolescents and the   |
| 3  | school community. SBHCs are housed within a school site. The SBHC provides preventive and       |
| 4  | immediate care, behavioral health services, health education, and sometimes dental care. Most   |
| 5  | SBHC services are provided during the school day. Referrals to other health care providers are  |
| 6  | available as needed.  |
| 7  | (b) Clinics located in schools that:  |
| 8  | (1) Are sponsored and operated by community-based health care organizations;                    |
| 9  | (2) Provide primary health care services (including but not limited to diagnosis and            |
| 10 | treatment of acute illness, management of chronic illness, physical exams, immunizations, and   |
| 11 | other preventive services) to students enrolled in the health center; and                       |
| 12 | (3) Follow state and federal laws, policies, procedures, and professional standards for the     |
| 13 | provision of medical care.  |
|    | §61-8G-2. Legislative intent.   |
| 1  | The Legislature recognizes the need to protect children from registered sex offenders. In       |
| 2  | upholding sex offender registries, the United States Supreme Court held, "[s]ex offenders are a |

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| 3 | serious threat in this Nation. The victims of sex assault are most often juveniles, and when            |
|---|---|
| 4 | convicted sex offenders reenter society, they are much more likely than any other type of offender      |
| 5 | to be re-arrested for a new rape or sexual assault." The West Virginia Sex Offender Registration        |
| 6 | Act states, "[t]he Legislature finds and declares that there is a compelling and necessary public       |
| 7 | interest that the public have information concerning persons convicted of sexual offenses in order      |
| 8 | to allow members of the public to adequately protect themselves and their children from these           |
| 9 | persons."   |
|   | §61-8G-3. Duties of school employees and school-based healthcare providers.                             |
| 1 | (a) It is the duty of school employees and school-based healthcare providers to ensure that             |
| 2 | students are protected from sex offenders.  |
| 3 | (b) If a school-based clinic staff member becomes aware of any registered sex offender's                |
| 4 | presence on school or clinic property, the employee shall immediately inform the clinic                 |
| 5 | administrator, school resource officer (if available), and school principal who shall direct the        |
| 6 | individual to leave the clinic premises immediately.  |
| 7 | (c) Each school-based health clinic shall post notification of this law in a location that is           |
| 8 | visible to the public.  |
|   | §61-8G-4. Registered sex offender on school-based healthcare facility's property.                       |
| 1 | (a) No registered sex offender shall be permitted to be present at a school-based health                |
| 2 | clinic site any time, nor be allowed to pick students from a school-based clinic site.                  |
| 3 | (b) Any registered sex offender who loiters or refuses to vacate the premises of the school-            |
| 4 | based health center shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail |
| 5 | for a period of not less than one year and not more than 10 years.                                      |
|   | §61-8G-5. Medical treatment for registered sex offenders on school-based healthcare                     |
|   | facility's property.  |
| 1 | Nothing prohibits a school-based healthcare provider from continuing or establishing a                  |

2 patient-provider relationship with a patient who is a convicted sex offender so long as the provision

- 3 of healthcare is provided at an alternative, free standing clinic or mobile site that is located at least
- 4 <u>1,000 feet from school property and children are not present.</u>

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to prohibit registered sex offenders from being within 1,000 feet of a school-based health center, requiring notices to be posted on school-based health centers, and imposing criminal penalties for registered sex offenders who violate this article.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.